

Thursday Nov. 29

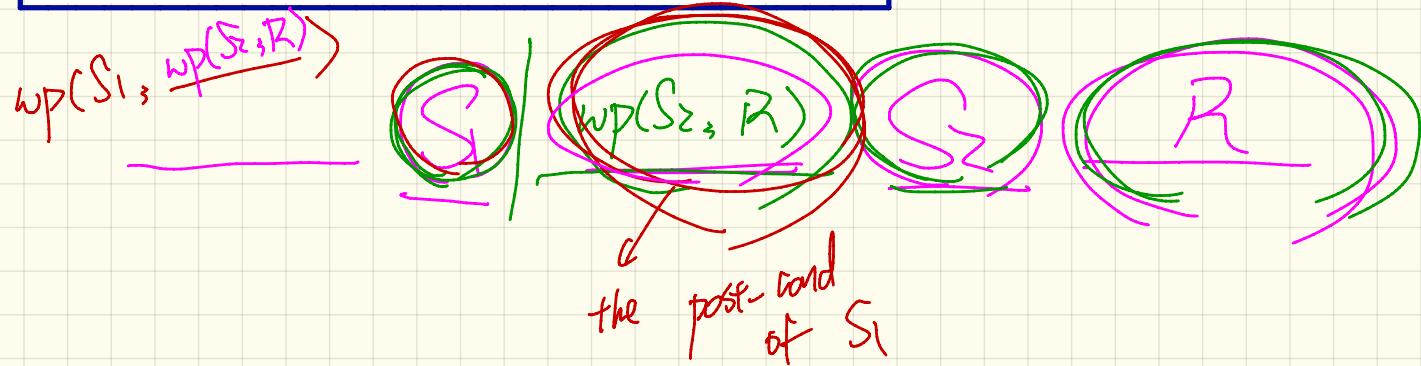
Lecture 23

WP Rules

$$wp(x := e, R) = R[x := e]$$

$$wp(\text{if } B \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2 \text{ end}, R) = \left(\begin{array}{l} B \Rightarrow wp(S_1, R) \\ \wedge \\ \neg B \Rightarrow wp(S_2, R) \end{array} \right)$$

$$wp(S_1 ; S_2, R) = wp(S_1, wp(S_2, R))$$



Proof Rules

$$\{Q\} S \{R\} \equiv Q \Rightarrow \underbrace{wp(S, R)}_{wp(S, R)}$$

$$\{Q\} x := e \{R\} \iff Q \Rightarrow \underbrace{R[x := e]}_{wp(x := e, R)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \{Q\} \text{ if } B \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2 \text{ end } \{R\} \\ & \iff \left(\begin{array}{l} \{Q \wedge B\} S_1 \{R\} \\ \wedge \\ \{Q \wedge \neg B\} S_2 \{R\} \end{array} \right) \iff \left(\begin{array}{l} (Q \wedge B) \Rightarrow wp(S_1, R) \\ \wedge \\ (Q \wedge \neg B) \Rightarrow wp(S_2, R) \end{array} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\{Q\} S_1 ; S_2 \{R\} \iff Q \Rightarrow \underbrace{wp(S_1, wp(S_2, R))}_{wp(S_1 ; S_2, R)}$$

Correctness of Program: Sequential Composition

Step 2: True \Rightarrow $y > x$
 ↳ No e.g. $y=5$ / $x=2$ w.r.t S, P

Is {True} $\text{tmp := } x; x := y; y := \text{tmp}$ } correct?

Goal: True \Rightarrow WP($\text{tmp := } x; x := y; y := \text{tmp}$, $x > y$)

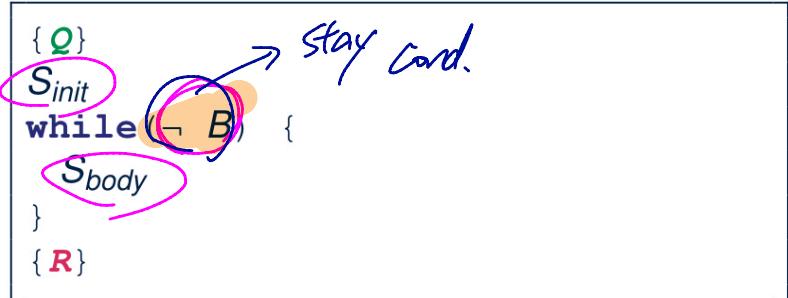
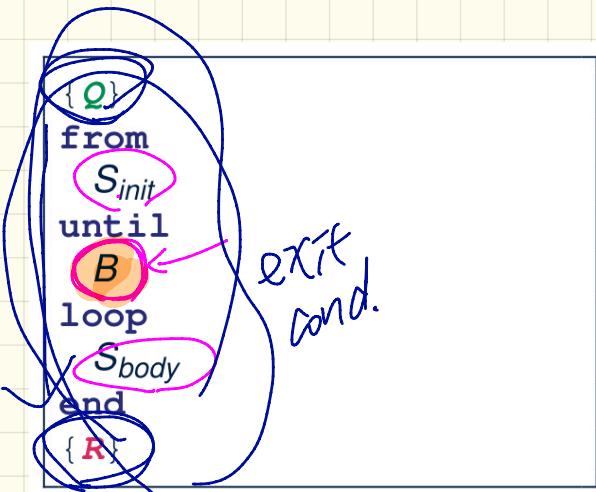
Step 1: $\text{WP}(\text{tmp := } x; x := y; y := \text{tmp}, x > y)$
 $= \{ \text{wp rule for ;} \}$
 $\quad \text{wp}(\text{tmp := } x, \text{wp}(x := y; y := \text{tmp}, x > y))$
 $= \{ \text{wp rule for ;} \}$
 $\quad \text{wp}(\text{tmp := } x, \text{wp}(x := y, \text{wp}(y := \text{tmp}, x > y)))$
 $= \{ \text{wp for := } \}$
 $\quad \text{wp}(\text{tmp := } x, \text{wp}(x := y, x > \text{tmp}))$
 $= \{ \text{wp for := } \}$
 $\quad \text{wp}(\text{tmp := } x, y > \text{tmp}) = \{ \text{wp for := } \}$
 $\quad \quad \quad = [y > x]$

$$\boxed{x > 4 \Rightarrow x > 3}$$

it is obvious that

$$x > 4 \Rightarrow x > 3$$

Loops : Eiffel vs. Java

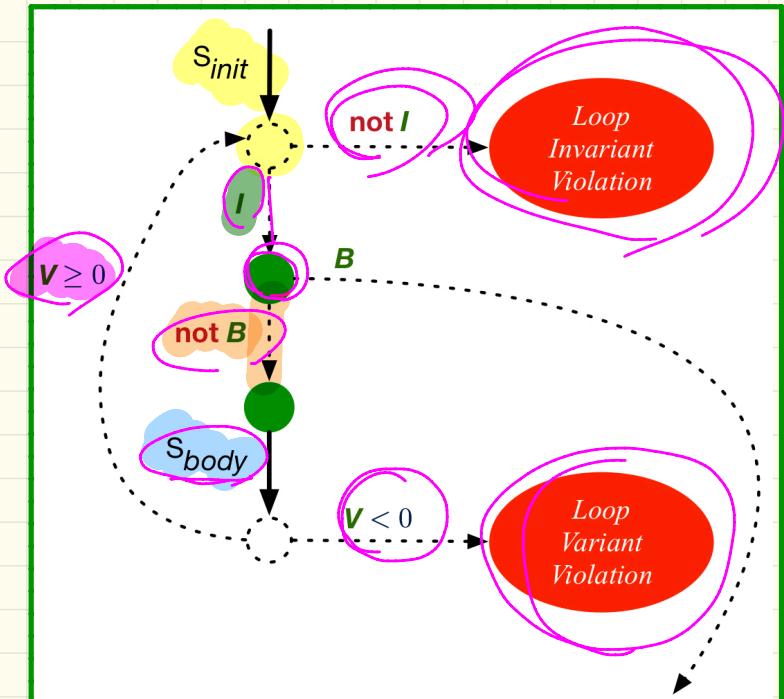


Contracts of Loops

Syntax

```
from Sinit
invariant invariant_tag: I
until B
loop Sbody
variant variant_tag: V
end
```

Runtime Checks



Contracts of Loops: Example

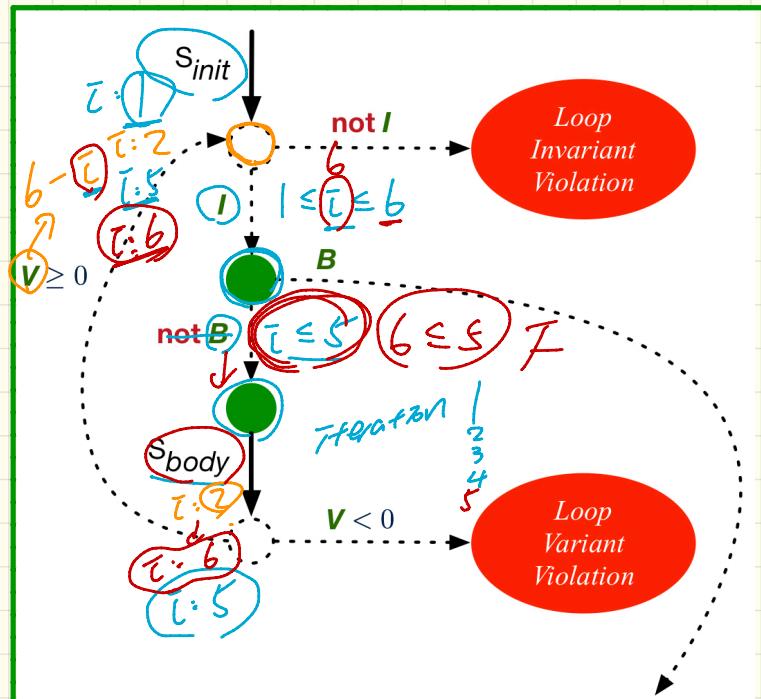
Example

```

test
local
  i: INTEGER
do
  from
    i := 1
  invariant
    1 <= i and i <= 6
  until
    i > 5
  loop
    io.put_string ("iteration " + i.out)
    i := i + 1
  variant
    6 - i
end

```

Runtime Checks



Contracts of Loops: Violations

Invariant: $i \leq 6 - i$

Example

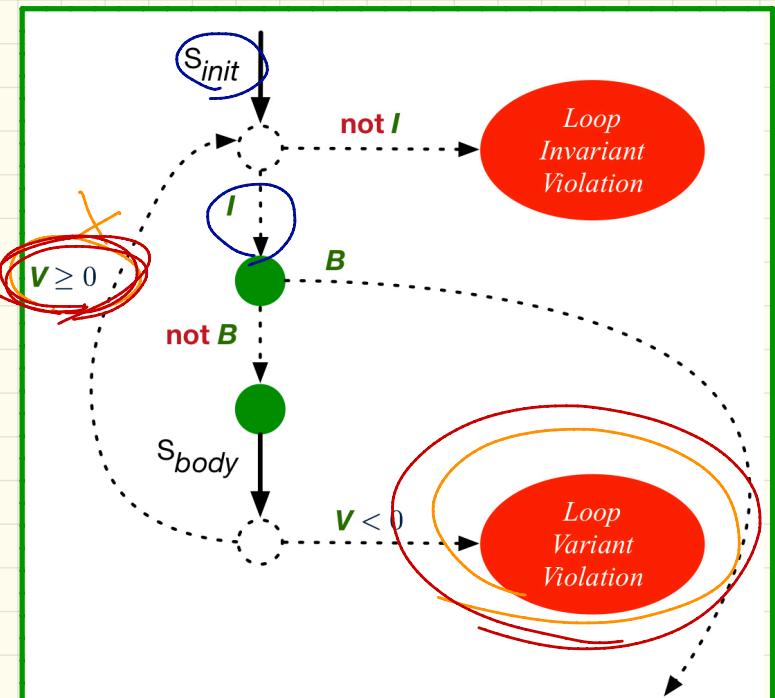
```

test
local
  i: INTEGER
do
  from
    i := 1
  invariant
    1 <= i and i <= 6
  until
    i > 5
  loop
    io.put_string ("iteration " + i.out
  variant
    6 - i
  end
end
  
```

Correctness

termination

Runtime Checks

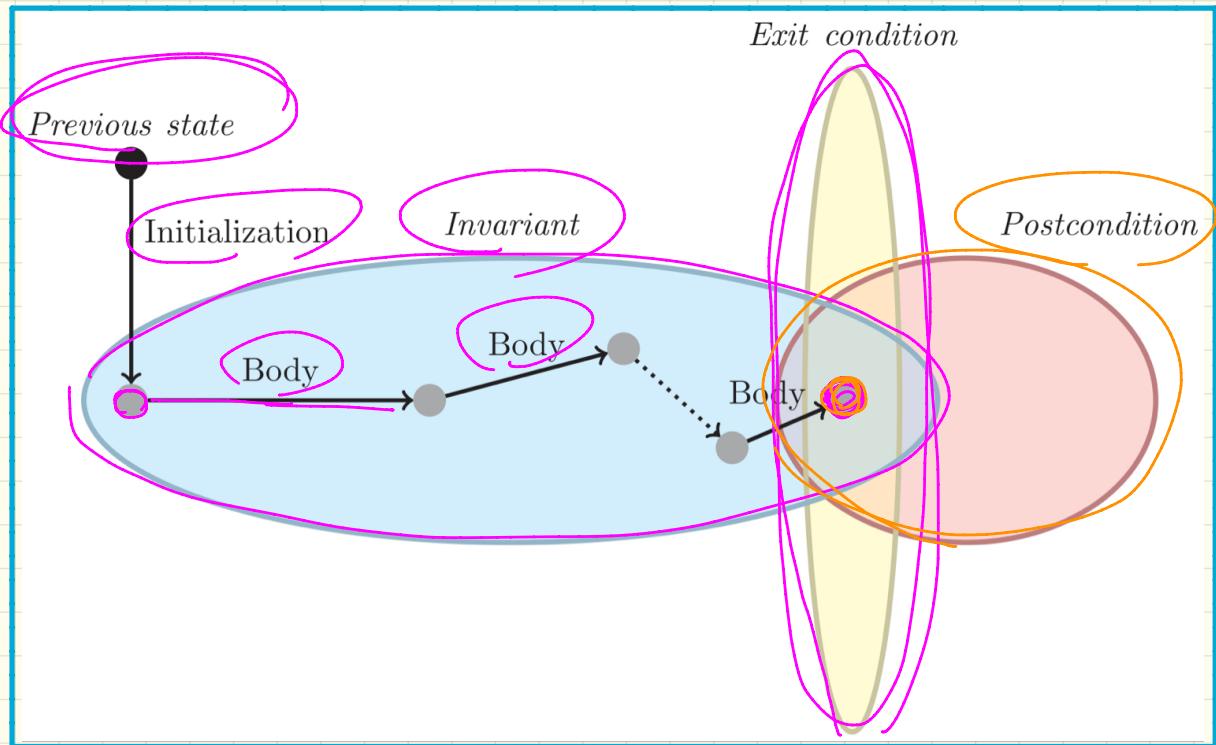


Invariant Violation: $1 \leq i \leq 5$

Variant Violation: $5 - i$

Skipping Loop Body: $i > 0$

Contracts of Loops: Visualization



sum (a: ARRAY[1..n]): INT

local

i

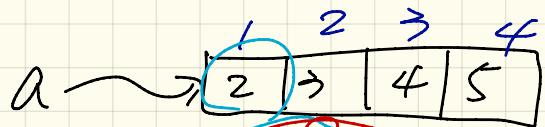
: INT

from

$i := a.lower$

Result := 0

Result



Result

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a[j]$$

0

[1, 0]

0

[i-1]

2

$$Result = \sum_{j=a.lower}^{a.upper} a[j]$$

a.upper

$$a.upper + 1$$

(i-1)

a[i-1]

j

$$Result = \sum_{j=a.lower}^{a.lower}$$

$$Sum := Sum + a[i]$$

$$i := i + 1$$

end
ensure

$$Result = \sum_{j=a.lower}^{a.upper} a[j]$$